



# For critical periods of infestation

- Control of mature and immature forms of intestinal and pulmonary nematodes
- ✓ Treatment of taeniasis by *Moniezia*
- Very active against adult forms of Fasciola hepatica

# High concentration of active ingredient

- Contains albendazole 12%
- Rapid absorption and bioavailability
- High plasmatic concentrations in less than one day
- Immediate and effective antiparasitic action

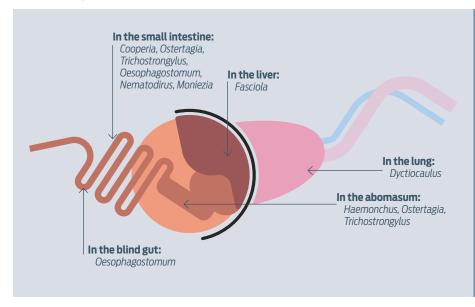
## Convenience of use

- Very competitive price per treatment
- Very stable formula





# **Active against the main parasites**



## The patterns of deworming must adapt to each type of farm by coprological examinations

#### In general:

Introduction of animals: dose at arrival. Apply twice a year: spring and autumn.

**Calves:** treat every month and a half after going out to pasture.

Adults: in autumn and after stalling.

In case of diarrhoea associated with Ostertagia during winter time, treat twice leaving 4 nights between treatments. Repeat the treatment during spring time and at the end of summer.

In highly infested flocks/herds, deworm leaving 20 days between treatments.

#### **COMPOSITION PER ML**

#### **INDICATIONS**

A broad spectrum antihelmintic for the control of mature and immature forms of gastrointestinal roundworms, lungworms, tapeworms and adult liver fluke in cattle

#### It is active against the following parasites:

**Gastrointestinal nematoda:** Ostertagia, Haemonchus, Trichostrongylus, Nematodirus, Oesophagostomum, Bunostomum, Cooperia, and Strongyloides spp. It is normally effective against larvae of Cooperia and Ostertagia.

Pulmonary nematoda: Dictyocaulus viviparus.

Tapeworms: Moniezia spp.,

Adult hepatic parasites: Fasciola hepatica.

#### **DOSAGE**

For oral administration, only using duly calibrated dosing equipment.

To ensure administration of the correct dose, live weight must be determined as accurately as possible; the precision of the dosing device must be checked.

**Roundworms, lungworms, and tapeworms:** (6 ml/100 kg l.w.) equivalent to 7.5 mg of Albendazole/kg l.w. in a single dose.

**Fasciola:** 8 ml/10 kg. l.w.) equivalent to 10 mg of Albendazole/kg. l.w., in a single dose. **Recently introduced animals:** One dose must be administered upon arrival at the farm and the animals must be prevented from going out to pasture for 8 hours.

**Calves:** treat one month and a half after going out to pasture; repeating the treatment every month and a half.

Adult cattle: treat in autumn and after stalling.

Diarrhoea associated with *Ostertagia* spp. may appear in winter. In these cases, treat twice, leaving an interval of 4 nights between treatments.

Repeat in spring and at the end of summer.

### **WITHDRAWAL PERIOD**

Cattle

Meat and offal: 14 days

Milk: 4 days.

#### **CONTRAINDICATIONS**

Do not use in case of hypersensitivity to the active substance.

#### **SPECIAL WARNINGS**

Not recommended for the treatment of acute fascioliosis caused by immature forms of Fasciola hepatica.

Precautions must be taken to avoid the following practices, which increase the risk of resistance development and could ultimately result in an ineffective treatment:

- Too frequent and repeated use of antihelmintics of the same class, over an extended period of time.
- Underdosing, which may be due to underestimation of live weight, misadministration of the product, or lack of calibration of the dosing device (if used).

### **SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USE**

- In treatment of Fasciola hepatica, only for treatment of strains sensitive to albendazole.
- People with known hypersensitivity to albendazole must avoid all contact with the veterinary medication.
- Its use is not recommended during the first three months of pregnancy.

#### **PRESENTATION**

1 litre bottle.

Medication subject to veterinary prescription. Administration under veterinary control or supervision.

